WELCOME TO THE WEBINAR

- Hello and thank you for joining today's webinar hosted by the Public Health Law Center. <u>We will be getting</u>
 started shortly.
- Closed captioning is available. You can turn this feature on and off using the live transcript ("cc" icon) option in the bottom panel of the Zoom window.
- All attendees are muted. Questions will be held until the designated Q&A section at the end of the
 presentation but feel free to submit them at any time. To submit a question: click the black Q&A button in
 the bottom panel of the Zoom window.
- Please complete the webinar evaluation survey, which will pop up when you exit the webinar. Your feedback will help us improve future webinars.
- This webinar is being recorded. If you miss details or would like to share it, a link to both the slides and recording will be available at www.publichealthlawcenter.org/webinars/archived usually within 48 hours.





MODERATORS



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Katie Stapleton



PANELISTS



Kimberly Fields
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Guilford County Schools
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Superior High School
Superior, Wisconsin



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Substance Abuse Prevention Program
Supervisor,
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Superintendent of Public Instruction
(OSPI)



TODAY'S AGENDA

- Overview of youth tobacco use and PHLC's model policy
- Panelist Presentations
- Panel Discussion
- **Q&A**





THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW CENTER





LEGAL TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE





THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW CENTER

EQUALITY:

Everyone gets the same – regardless if it's needed or right for them.



EQUITY:

Everyone gets what they need – understanding the barriers, circumstances, and conditions.





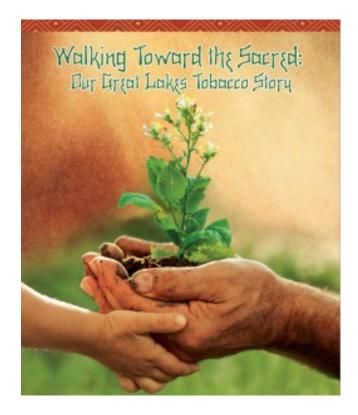
based on work for First Nations Health Authority at Gathering Wisdom VI

Drawing

Image credit: Sam Bradd



COMMERCIAL TOBACCO IS <u>NOT</u> TRADITIONAL TOBACCO



Resource: Walking Toward the Sacred



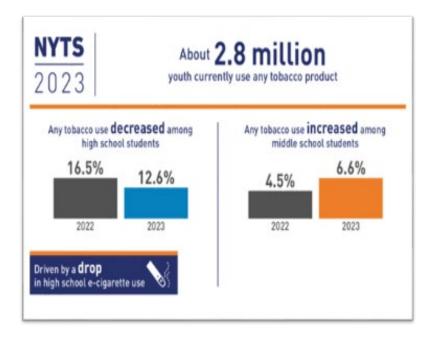


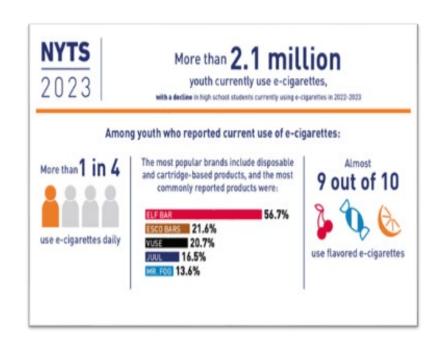


Top: Red Willow, Sacred Willow Publication.
Bottom: *Nicotiana rustica*, Solanaceae, Mapacho, flower.
Botanical Garden KIT, Karlsruhe, Germany. Wikimedia Commons.

COMMERCIAL TOBACCO PRODUCT USE AMONG MIDDLE AND HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS, 2023







Source: cdc.gov: "Tobacco Product Use among Middle and High School Students — United States, 2023."



FLAVORED E-CIGARETTE PRODUCTS NICOTINE CONTENT COMPARED TO CIGARETTES



Loon Air: 6000 puffs (13 ml x 60 mg) = 26 packs of cigarettes



Loon Pluto: 2500+Puffs
(6 ml x 50 mg)

= 10 packs of cigarettes



Loon Juice Box: 4000+Puffs (14 ml x 50 mg) = 23 packs of cigarettes



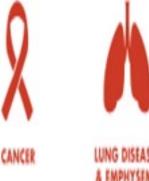


Loon product screenshots: The Loon (theloonmn.com)

Slide content credit: Tobacco-Free Alliance

WHAT CAN SCHOOLS DO? Know the Health Risks

SMOKING NICOTINE IS LINKED TO:









E-cigarette users, including young adults, displayed worrisome changes in cardiovascular function and performed significantly worse on exercise stress testing than people who did not use any nicotine products.

2022 preliminary study, University of Wisconsin School of Medicine

Image Credit: www.confirmbiosciences.com



PUNITIVE MEASURES DISCOUNT INDUSTRY TARGETING

- \$9.5 billion/year spent on marketing, vast majority in the retail environment.
- 90% of youth report exposure to cigarette, 80% to e-cigarette ads.





MODEL FOR K-12 SCHOOLS: COMMERCIAL TOBACCO-FREE POLICY







COMMERCIAL TOBACCO-FREE K-12 SCHOOL MODEL POLICY

Questions & Answers



The use or promotion of commercial tobacco products' on school grounds and at off-campus school-sponsored events is detrimental to the health and safety of students, staff, and visitors.

Under federal law, smoking is prohibited in any kindergarten, elementary, or secondary school or library serving children under the age of 18 years if federal funds are used in the school. Almary states also have laws that restrict commercial tobacco use, including electronic cigarettes, in public K-12 schools. However, federal law and many state laws do not cover outdoor school grounds.



www.publichealthlawcenter.org

Commercial-Tobacco-Free-K-12-School-Model-Policy-Q-and-A-2019.pdf





TOBACCO-FREE SCHOOLS



COMMERCIAL TOBACCO-FREE K-12 SCHOOL MODEL POLICY



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<u>Commercial-Tobacco-Free-K-12-School-Model-Policy-2019.pdf</u>



TOBACCO-FREE SCHOOLS

November 2019

STUDENT COMMERCIAL TOBACCO USE IN SCHOOLS

Alternative Measures



School policies regulating the use and possession of commercial tobacco products, including electronic delivery devices (e.g., e-cigarettes, vaping devices, JUUL, Suorin), often contain punitive measures for student violations.

This publication provides sample language and ideas for evidence-based solutions and information as to why these alternative measures may be more effective than suspension and expulsion at addressing student tobacco use and nicotine addiction as part of a school's Commercial Tobacco-free Policy.



 $\label{lem:continuous} The sample language for alternative measures in this publication is part of the Public Health Law Center's comprehensive <math display="block"> \underline{\textit{Commercial Tobacco-Free K-12 School Model Policy}}.$

<u>Student-Commercial-Tobacco-Use-in-Schools-Alternative-Measures-2019.pdf</u>

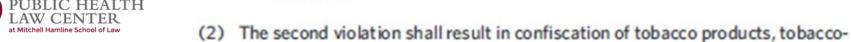
KEY COMPONENTS OF THE MODEL: ENFORCEMENT EXCLUSIONARY PRACTICES ARE NOT INCLUDED

VII. Enforcement

The success of this policy depends upon the thoughtfulness, consideration, and cooperation of the whole [district/school name] community. All individuals on school premises, including students, staff, administrators, and visitors are responsible for adhering to and enforcing this policy. Members of the [district/school name] community are encouraged to communicate this policy with courtesy and diplomacy. Any person acting in violation of this policy will be informed or reminded of the policy and asked to comply.

(A) Students

- (1) The first violation shall result in confiscation of tobacco products, tobacco-related devices, imitation tobacco products, or lighters; notification of parents and/or guardians; and at least one of the following:
 - A student meeting and individual student assessment with a chemical health educator or designated staff to discuss commercial tobacco use and the school policy.
 - (ii) Student participation in a tobacco education program.
 - (iii) Provision of information to student about available cessation programs and resources.



KEY COMPONENTS OF THE MODEL ENFORCEMENT

Required

- Confiscation
- Notification to parents/guardians
- Student chemical health assessment

Options for:

- Tobacco education program
- Cessation and counseling
- Educational community service

PUBLIC HEALTH

VII. Enforcement

The success of this policy depends upon the thoughtfulness, consideration, and cooperation of the whole [district/school name] community. All individuals on school premises, including students, staff, administrators, and visitors are responsible for adhering to and enforcing this policy. Members of the [district/school name] community are encouraged to communicate this policy with courtesy and diplomacy. Any person acting in violation of this policy will be informed or reminded of the policy and asked to comply.

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- (2) The second violation shall result in confiscation of tobacco products, tobacco-

KEY COMPONENTS OF THE MODEL CESSATION & SUPPORT

- Local partnerships
- Evidence-based programs
- Cessation, peer, community support as a part of enforcement



Tobacco Dependence Treatment Resources for Youth

QUITPLAN SERVICES

Free quitting services available to all Minnesotans. QUITPLAN Services offers a variety of options to help people quit:

- QUITPLAN Helpline (telephone counseling) All ages
- Printed Quit Guide All ages
- . Email program Age 13 or older
- Use of quitplan.com Intended for those aged 14 and above
- Text program Age 18 or older
- · Nicotine replacement therapy Age 18 or older

To register online at www.quitplan.com, users must be at least 13 years old. Anyone can call 888-354-PLAN (7526) to register at any time.



TEEN.SMOKEFREE.GOV

Smokefree Teen helps teens stop using tobacco by providing information grounded in scientific evidence and offering free tools that meet teens where they are - on their mobile phones.



- Text messaging program
- quitSTART mobile app
- LiveHelp online chat



HEALTH PLANS

- Call the number on the back of your insurance card to see what is available
- Each health plan will have their own options, youth and parents should check with their health plan



TEXTING PROGRAMS

KUNKW X GOITH

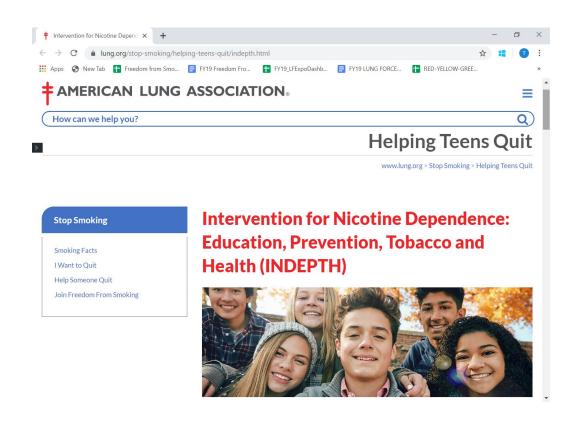
- BECOMEANEX.ORG
- Text QUIT to 202-804-9884
- Teens 13-18 who vape receive text message-only support
- THISISQUITTING.COM
 Text QUIT to 706-222-QUIT
- Free This is Quitting App available



LUNG.org 1-800-LUNGUSA

6/18/2024

KEY COMPONENTS OF THE MODEL CESSATION & SUPPORT



- Policy Guidance
- The Vape Talk
- E-Cigarette One-pagers
- Pilot Summary and Infographic
- Facilitator Training
 Registration/Survey
- Not On Tobacco Program
 Information



SCHOOL DISTRICT INVESTMENT IN VAPE DETECTION DEVICES

- Effectiveness of devices remain unclear.
- Contributes to culture of surveillance





Credit: The Californian, https://www.thecalifornianpaper.com/2019/12/school-installs-vape-detectors/

HOW TO SPEND SCHOOL FUNDS

CHAMPION OUR CHILDREN, TARGET COMMERCIAL TOBACCO



Addressing the youth vaping crisis requires a multifaceted approach that combines education, prevention, and treatment. Allocating litigation settlement and other funds strategically is one way to address the problem. Here are some suggestions on how Juul settlement funds and other funds could be allocated and strategically used to help address this problem:

- Education and Prevention Programs: Develop and implement comprehensive education campaigns for teenagers, parents, and educators.
 These campaigns should raise awareness about the risks and consequences of vaping, debunk myths about their harmlessness, and promote healthy alternatives. Programs can include presentations, workshops, and peer-led activities to discourage vaping and provide support for those struggling with addiction. Engaging social media platforms, schools, and community organizations can be effective in reaching the desired audience.
- 2. **Treatment and Cessation Programs**: Provide evidence-based cessation programs that are both culturally tailored and appropriate for youth. Support existing initiatives that provide counseling, support groups, and nicotine replacement therapies to help youth quit vaping.
- 3. **Supportive School Disciplinary Practices**: Support alternatives to punitive, exclusionary penalties like suspension from school and school activities. Such exclusionary approaches contribute to negative educational and life outcomes and undermine school goals for supporting healthy student development. Many schools currently lack the staff and training to effectively implement alternatives to exclusionary penalties, so a good use of newly acquired funds would be to implement training on safe and healthy alternatives to suspension.
- 4 Regulation: Implement evidence-based policies to restrict access to vaping products for teepagers. This includes enforcing age verification.

How to Spend Juul Settlement Funds: Champion Our Children, Target Commercial Tobacco | Public Health Law Center



PUBLIC HEALTH LAW CENTER RESOURCES:

- Commercial Tobacco-Free K-12 School Model Policy: Questions & Answers
- Commercial Tobacco-Free K-12 School Model Policy
- Student Commercial Tobacco Use in Schools Alternative Measures (2019)
- Disposing of E-Cigarette Waste: FAQ for Schools and Others (2019)
- Focusing on Equity and Inclusion When We Work on Public Health Laws (2018)



PANELISTS



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Superior, Wisconsin



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Substance Abuse Prevention Program
Supervisor,
Washington State Office of
Superintendent of Public Instruction
(OSPI)







Alternatives to Suspension for Commercial Tobacco Use in K-12 Settings

Kimberly Fields, Substance Abuse Lead Teacher fieldsk2@gcsnc.com



WHITNEY OAKLEY, ED.D. | SUPERINTENDENT

Addressing Substance Misuse in a School Setting







Alternative to Suspension (Rule I-10 & I-11)

MS Tobacco/Vaping Education Class

- Contract with a community partner to provide the classes
- Evening class
- Live, remote format
- Our Healthy Futures curriculum
- Focus on the dangers of vaping and tobacco & making healthier decisions
- Coordinated by Substance Abuse Lead



Alternative to Suspension (Rule I-10 & I-11)

HS Tobacco/Vaping Education Class

- School-based online program
- EVERFI's Vaping: know the Truth
- Implementation includes a point person at each high school
- Students who are motivated to quit are referred for further services
- Monitored and supported by SA Lead
- Technical support and training provided by EVERFI
- 24-25 changing to *My Healthy Futures*



Alternative to Suspension for Alcohol & Other Drugs

<u>ASAP</u> (Grades 5-8) Provides academic services and substance use intervention. Students attend while suspended and are counted as ISS.

<u>Lifestyles</u> (Grades 9-12) Students attend with parent through a live, virtual format in the evening





Prevention

School:

- Consistent messaging
- School-wide campaigns
- Peer-led /student voice
- Interventions for behavior
- Resources for help
- Parents

District:

- Resources
- Programming
- Training
- Consultation



GCS Vaping Prevention Toolkit

- Curricula and Lesson Plans
- School-Wide Prevention Resources
- Resources for Families
- Cessation Programs for Youth Who want to Quit





Referral for Students Needing a More intensive Level of Intervention

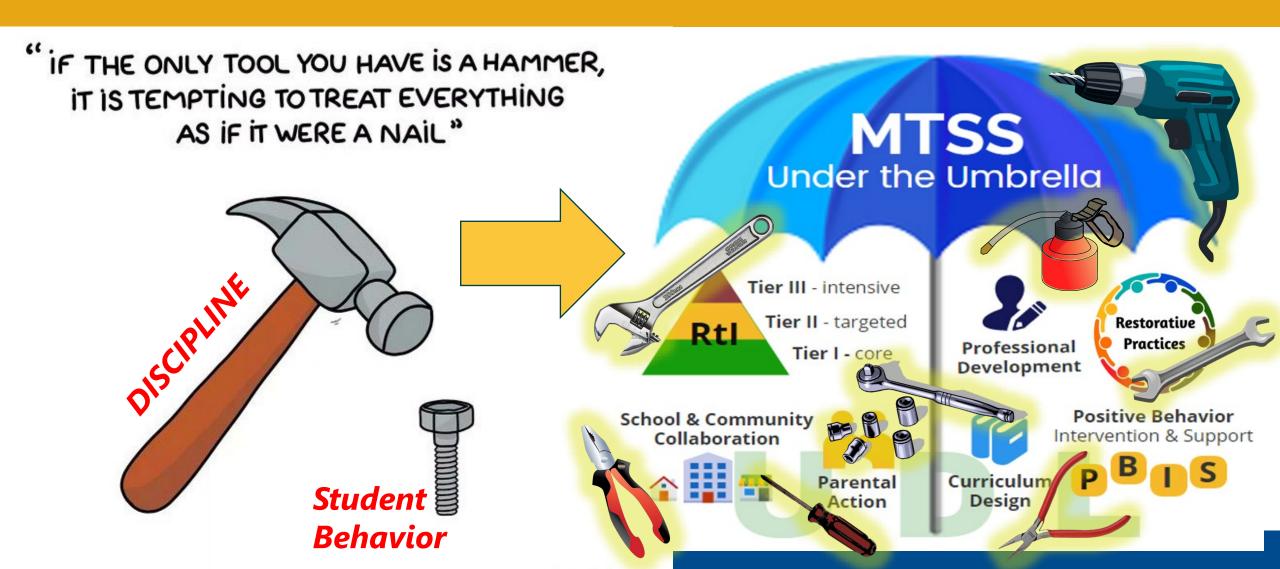
- Cessation Resources
- School-Based Mental Health
- Community Based Mental Health



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GCS Drug Free Schools



Other Forms of Discipline



Providing Supports in a Tiered Framework

Tier 3:

Wrap-Around Services

Tier 2:

Targeted Interventions

Tier 1:

Universal Protection

Home and Community Awareness

· Imbeded services

- Coordination via in school supports and telehealth
- Individualized assessment, intervention, and family supports
- · Small group social activities
- Individual and/or group progress monitoring
- Targeted screening and parenting education
- Universal screenings, support school and home partnerships
- Social Emotional Learning
- Trauma informed training for school staff and MTSS supports
- Destigmatize through mental health awareness and training
- Build self healing, trauma informed communities
- Create community partnerships

Tier 3: Professional Experts

- Community-based providers
 - School-embedded, in-clinic, &/or telehealth
- Licensed district staff (include ESA staff)

Tier 2: With training, all staff

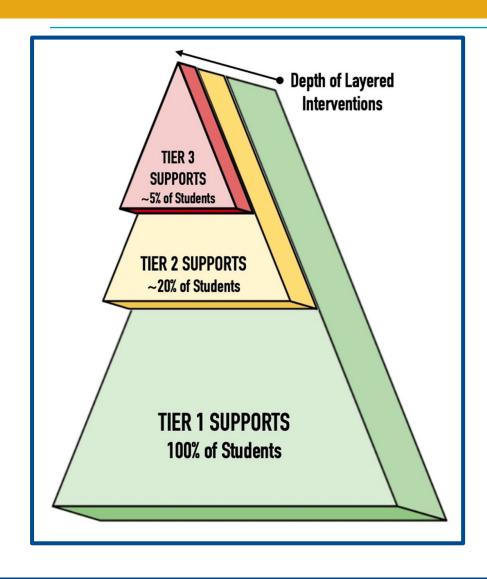
- ESA staff (counselor, nurse, social worker)
- Student Assistance Professionals (SAPs)
- Paraeducators
- Integrated CBO staff
- Interventionists
- Teachers

Tier 1: All staff

- ESA staff (counselor, nurse, social worker)
- Student Assistance Professionals (SAPs)
- Paraeducators
- Integrated CBO staff
- Interventionists
- Teachers
- Family Liaisons

Interconnected Systems Framework Project AWARE:

Providing Integrated Supports in a Tiered Framework



Tier 3 Intensive and Individualized Support 5% of Student Population

Tier 2 Targeted and Small Group

15% - 20% of Student Population

Tier 1 Universal Support for ALL Students 100% of Student Population

Each layer of support is stacked upon the previous.



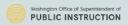
Substance Use Intervention Resources



American Lung Association's Comprehensive Approach to Ending the Youth Vaping Epidemic Model







Youth Behavioral Health

Resources for Students & Families

Facts & Data



According to Healthy Youth Survey (HYS) results from 2021, 20% of Washington 12th grade students reported drinking alcohol in the month prior. Of those students, only 5% drink alcohol if their parents/caregivers or friends think it's

Of Washington 12th grade students, 34% have used marijuana at least once and 73% believe there's no or low risk from trying marijuana once or twice, according to 2021 HYS results.

Vapor products are the most common nicotine Washington 12th grade students reported on the HYS that they had used vapor products in the month prior. Among those, 69% reported that the vapor product they used had nicotine

Washington state had a 21% increase in fentanyl deaths from February 2022 to February 2023 - the biggest increase in the nation. According to the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), 6 out of 10 fentanyl-laced pills contain a potentially lethal dose.

Action Items

- Make it difficult for youth to access alcohol or substances. Store alcohol and substances in secure locations and use lock boxes for prescriptions.
- · If you smoke or use vapor products, avoid doing so around children and consider trying to quit.
- Help your child create an "exit plan" in case they
- Be aware of the signs of alcohol and substance use. These signs include mood changes trouble concentrating, changes in school attendance, changes in friendships, bloodshot eyes, and changes in appetite, weight, and sleep patterns
- Have frequent conversations about alcohol and/or think it's okay to use alcohol or substances.
- Support resilience in children and teens. We build resilience by learning to be flexible and adapt to change, having strong connections and relationships with others, and feeling a sense of
- Talk to the caregivers of your child's friends about access to alcohol and substances.
- Contact the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration's (SAMHSA) National Helpline to get information and referrals for confidential, and available 24/7.

Conversation Starters

- . What does being healthy mean to you? What does it feel like to be healthy?
- What do you know about alcohol, nicotine, marijuana, and other substances?
- . Why do you think some people use alcohol or substances?
- . I have heard some other caregivers talk about a few situations of kids experimenting with drugs and alcohol. Have your friends been talking about that at all?
- . What would you say to a friend who offered you alcohol or any other substance?
- I have noticed a change in your behavior. Can you tell me more about what's happening? How are you feeling?
- . Do you feel like you want to talk to someone else about your problem?

Additional Resources

- 5 Conversation Goals: SAMHSA provides information about how to start talking to your children about alcohol and substances.
- . Parent & Caregiver Resources: This SAMHSA webpage includes fact sheets and brochures about alcohol, marijuana, opioids, and vaping.
- Know the Risks: This website, operated by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, presents facts about the risks of using e-cigarettes and resources for prevention.
- Underage Drinking: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) provides statistics about underage drinking and information about the dangers of underage drinking.
- . Early Warning Signs of Teen Substance Use: This resource from the Hazelden Betty Ford Foundation details the behavioral and physical signs that could indicate a teen is using substances.
- . One Pill Can Kill: The DEA provides facts and resources about fentanyl









Behavioral Health System Navigation Resources

The ESDs provide increased access to behavioral health services and supports for students and families in their regions.



